



ICEFISH

Chaenocephalus aceratus



MILLENNIUM
INSTITUTE
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OF ANTARCTIC
AND SUBANTARCTIC
ECOSYSTEMS





ICEFISH

Chaenocephalus aceratus

Because it lacks red blood cells, its blood is transparent or milky in texture. It is between 30 and 70 cm long and is highly adapted to the cold Antarctic waters. As a result of climate change and the increase in ocean temperatures, this fish is considered a “climate change sentinel” because it would allow studying the effects of warming on the oceanic environment.

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